## CITABRIA 7ECA (April 2016)

- Emergency Checklist -

### **Engine Fire During Start**

- 1) Continue cranking engine with starter
- 2) Mixture control IDLE CUTOFF
- 3) Throttle FULL OPEN
  - If engine starts, shutdown and have airplane inspected
  - If fire persists or increases:
- 4) Fuel shutoff valve OFF
- 5) Electrical and ignition switches OFF
- 6) Exit aircraft to the rear and call for assistance
- 7) Use fire extinguisher through bottom of the nose cowl or through the cowl inspection door

#### **Engine Fire in Flight**

- 1) Mixture control IDLE CUTOFF
- 2) Fuel shutoff valve OFF
- 3) Electrical and ignition switches ALL OFF
- Cabin heat OFF front and rear
- 5) Prepare for Emergency Descent and/or Engine Out Landing
- 6) Do NOT attempt to restart the engine

#### **Electrical Fire**

- Electrical switches ALL OFF (leave ignition switches ON)
- 2) Air vents/windows OPEN if necessary for smoke removal
  - If fire continues LAND IMMEDIATELY
  - If fire/smoke stops:
- 3) Turn on Master Switch, then turn on *necessary* electrical switches one at a time. If smoke resumes, turn off faulty switch

### **Electrical Failure**

- 1) Verify steady discharge on ammeter
- 2) Master switch CYCLE in attempt to reset
- 3) If battery discharge continues, turn OFF all nonessential electrical equipment to conserve battery power
- 4) Land as soon as practical. Prepare for Lost Comms

# **Engine Failure on Takeoff**

If sufficient runway remains:

- 1) Throttle CLOSED
- 2) Use maximum braking after touchdown

No sufficient runway, try Restart or complete Engine-Out Landing

### **Engine Failure - Restart**

- 1) Airspeed 65 MPH (best glide)
- 2) Ignition switches BOTH ON
- 3) Mixture FULL RICH or as needed for density altitude
- 4) Fuel shutoff valve CHECK ON
- 5) Carburetor/Alt air FULL HOT
- 6) Primer VERIFY LOCKED
  - If engine does not restart, prepare for Engine-Out Landing

#### **Engine-Out Landing**

- 1) Airspeed Maintain 60-65 MPH
- 2) Select landing site and proceed to it
- 3) Mixture IDLE CUTOFF
- 4) Fuel shutoff valve OFF
- 5) Master switch ON
- 6) Radio MAYDAY call
- 7) Position airplane 1000' on downwind abeam landing site
- 8) Electrical and ignition switches ALL OFF
- 9) Final approach airspeed 60-65 MPH
- 10) Touchdown with minimum airspeed (3-point, full stall) if landing on rough terrain

## **High Oil Temp/Low Oil Press**

- 1) Crosscheck oil pressure with oil temperature
  - High oil temperature is generally caused by loss of oil/pressure, or on a hot day with a steep climb.
- 2) Reduce power as able to maintain level flight
- 3) Lower pitch to cruise flight
- 4) Mixture FULL RICH
- 5) If oil pressure is low or condition remains, land as soon as practical and prepare for Engine-Out Landing

# **Stall Recovery**

- 1) Nose attitude LOWER
- 2) Throttle FULL OPEN
- 3) Use rudder to maintain lateral control

# **Spin Recovery**

- 1) Throttle CLOSED
- 2) Rudder FULL DEFLECTION opposite direction of rotation
- 3) Elevator SLIGHTLY FORWARD OF NEUTRAL
- 4) Ailerons NEUTRAL POSITION
  - When rotation stops:
- 5) Rudder NEUTRALIZE
- 6) Nose attitude RAISE smoothly to level flight attitude